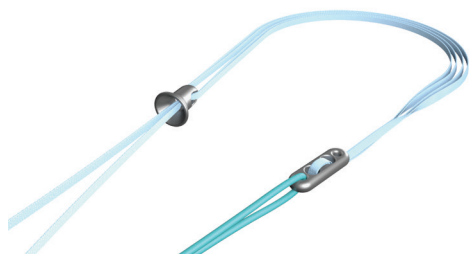


+ Ankle syndesmosis repair

A small joint technique guide



INVISIKNOT[◇]
Ankle Syndesmosis Repair Kit

Introduction

This technique guide provides a complete description of Ankle Syndesmosis Repair procedure using the Smith+Nephew Ankle Syndesmosis Repair Kit. The kit is designed for use with a plate when an associated fracture of the fibula is present.* The kit is comprised of a suture button construct and a 3.5mm drill tip passing pin.

The 3.5mm drill-tip passing pin is provided for bone tunnel preparation through the fibula and the tibia. The suture button construct is comprised of two buttons, medial and lateral, connected by ultrahigh molecular weight polyethylene (UHMWPE) suture tape, called ULTRATAPE[®] Suture. The medial button is 3.25mm x 10mm long and has a passing suture attached to it. The ULTRATAPE Suture has a one-way sliding knot, which enables the reduction of the lateral button onto the lateral cortex of the fibula. This sliding knot is assembled inside the lateral button. For fracture repairs, the lateral button (**Figure 1**) is a button-like post with a round top, designed to fit inside the hole (or slot) in the fracture plate.

Surgical Technique

Syndesmotic injuries involve disruption of the stabilizing ligamentous structures between the distal fibula and tibia, as well as a disruption of the deltoid ligament medially. They may occur with or without fractures to the ankle. Forceful external rotation and abduction of the ankle widens the ankle mortise. The talus pushes the distal fibula laterally away from its articulation with the distal tibia. Stretching or tearing of the syndesmosis, deltoid and associated ligamentous structures results in diastasis. A fibular fracture (usually above the ankle joint line) can be involved in more severe injuries.¹

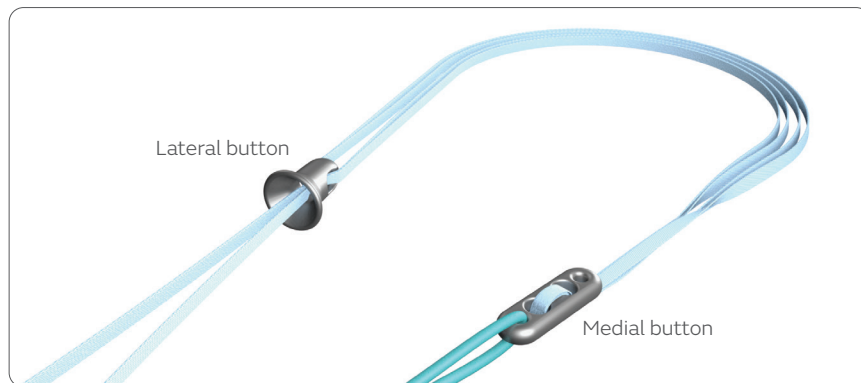


Figure 1. INVISIKNOT[®] Construct: Fracture

The following technique guide was prepared under close collaboration with several physicians. It contains a summary of medical techniques and opinions based upon their surgical training and expertise, along with their knowledge of the Smith+Nephew INVISIKNOT Ankle Syndesmosis Repair System.

S+N does not provide medical advice and recommends that surgeons exercise their own professional judgment when determining a patient's course of treatment. This guide is presented for educational purposes only. **For more information on the products in this surgical technique, including indications for use, contraindications, effects, precautions and warnings, please consult the products' Instructions for Use (IFU).**

*Plate is purchased separately, see ordering information.

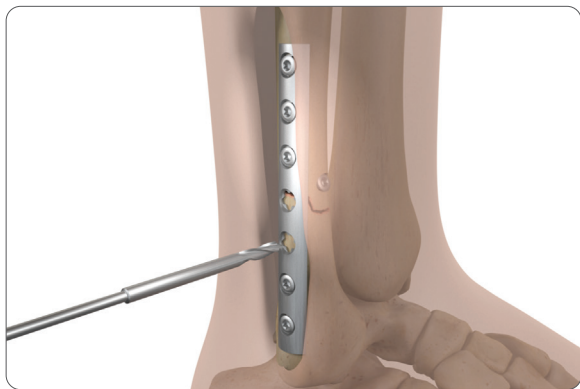


Figure 2. Hole drilled using 3.5mm drill-tip passing pin

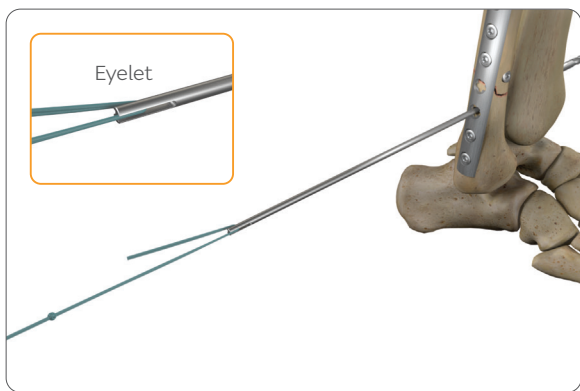


Figure 3. Passing the suture assembly into the eyelet of the 3.5mm passing pin

Technique

NOTE: When treating a syndesmotic injury with a fibular fracture, the fracture must be fixed first. Wherever applicable, use fluoroscopic guidance to assure accurate position of the device and stable fixation.

1. Approximately 3 – 4cm above the joint line, use a power drill to advance the 3.5mm drill-tip passing pin through a point slightly posterior to the midpoint of the fibula in the AP plane, aiming for the center of the tibia (approximately 30° anterior to the coronal plane) (**Figure 2**). Advance the drill until the skin is tented on the medial side of the tibia. Take care to avoid damage to neurovascular structures when passing the drill-tip passing pin.
2. Advance the passing pin through the hole that is approximately 4cm above the joint line in the Smith+Nephew fracture plate. Ensure that the plate location allows for syndesmotic repair (**Figure 2**).
3. Nick the tented skin with a scalpel to allow the passing pin to exit. Disconnect the power drill from the passing pin.
4. Insert the passing suture through the eyelet on the 3.5mm drill-tip passing pin (**Figure 3**). Advance the drill-tip passing pin through the fibula and the tibia, and retrieve the passing suture on the medial side of the tibia.

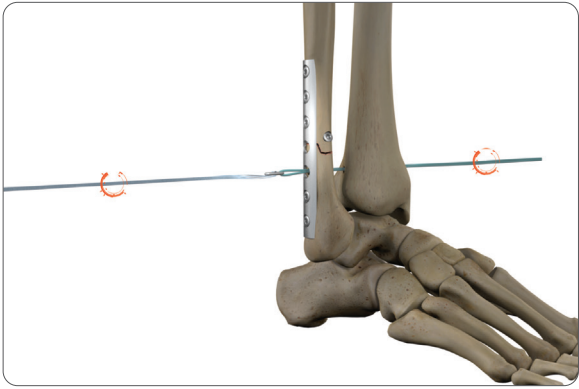


Figure 4. Establish lateral tension by holding in the locations indicated

5. Establish tension by holding the suture tape between the lateral and medial buttons (**Figure 4**). In a continuous motion, pull on the passing suture medially to advance the medial button until it exits the tibia.
6. Flip the medial button to place it flush on the medial cortex. Release the passing suture and pull back on the suture tape at the lateral button (**Figure 5**). Confirm the button position and orientation.
7. While maintaining lateral tension on the suture tape, pull on the free ends in an alternating fashion to reduce the assembly until the lateral button is fully seated (**Figure 6**). This will prevent bunching of the tape. Set the desired tension.

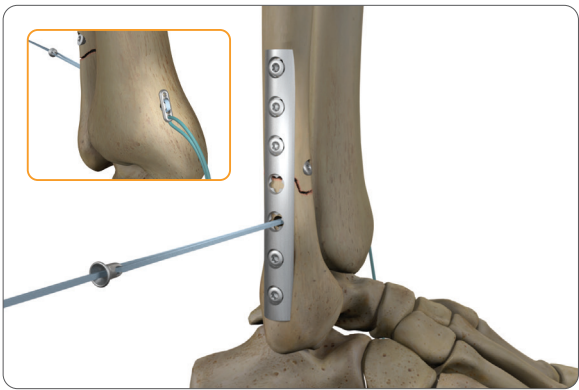


Figure 5. Picture showing the medial button sitting flush on the medial side

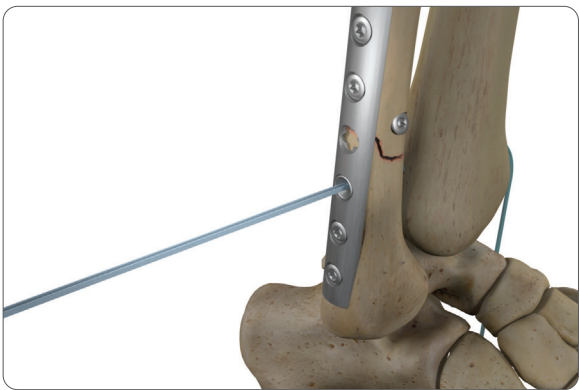


Figure 6. Lateral button after reduction



Figure 7. Lateral side showing completed repair

8. Tie two surgical knots to secure the lateral button. Take care to ensure that the knots fit inside the lateral button channel.
9. Cut the suture tape. **Figure 7** shows the completed repair.
10. Cut and remove the passing suture from the medial button.
11. If implant removal is necessary, cut the suture tape over the medial button (this cannot be done on the lateral button.) The buttons and the tape can be removed separately.

NOTE: Do not use the INVISIKNOT[®] Fracture Kit without the fracture plate.

Postoperative care*

Immobilize the ankle in a posterior splint or cast in the neutral position. The patient may be non-weight bearing for 4–8 weeks per surgeon's protocol.

* The views and opinions expressed for postoperative care are solely those of the surgeon(s) and do not reflect the views of Smith & Nephew, Inc. In no event shall Smith & Nephew, Inc., be liable for any damages whatsoever (including, without limitation, damages for loss of business profits, business interruption, loss of business information, or other pecuniary loss) arising out of the use of or inability to use the expressed views.

Ordering information

Ankle Syndesmosis Suture-Button Constructs

Reference #	Description
72204834	INVISIKNOT [◊] Ankle Syndesmosis Repair Kit, Fracture

Fracture Plates Available for Use with this Technique*

EVOS[◊] SMALL Lower Extremity Plating System

EVOS 3.5mm Locking Compression Plates
EVOS 3.5mm Locking Recon Plates
EVOS 3.5mm Recon Plates
EVOS 3.5mm Locking 1/3 Tubular Plates
EVOS 3.5mm 1/3 Tubular Plates
EVOS 2.7/3.5mm Lateral Distal Fibula Plates
EVOS 3.5mm Lateral Distal Fibula Plates

EVOS PosteroLateral Distal Fibula Plates**
EVOS PosteroLateral Distal Fibula Anti-Glide Plates
EVOS Double Washer – 3.5mm Screws
EVOS Washer – 3.5mm Screws

PERI-LOC VLP[◊] Variable-Angle Locked Plating System

PERI-LOC VLP 3.5mm Posterolateral Distal Fibula Locking Plates
PERI-LOC VLP 3.5mm Lateral Distal Fibula Locking Plates
PERI-LOC VLP 3.5mm One-Third Locking Tubular Plates
PERI-LOC VLP Washer, 7.0mm Outer Diameter

*Please contact your Smith+Nephew representative to inquire about ordering these products.

**The plate is designed to sit on the posterior aspect of the fibula distally and has a gradual contour that places it on the lateral aspect of the fibula more proximally. The posterolateral aspect of the fibula must be dissected to the point in which the peroneal tendon can be identified at the distal end of the fibula.

NOTE: Due to variations in patient anatomy and the contour of the EVOS Posterolateral Distal Fibula plates, the proper placement of the INVISIKNOT may not align with any of the 3.5mm screw options within the plate.

Additional instruction

To order the instruments used in this technique, call **+1 800 343 5717** in the U.S. or contact an authorized Smith+Nephew representative. Prior to performing this technique, consult the Instructions for Use documentation provided with individual components – including indications, contraindications, warnings, cautions and instructions.

CAUTION: U.S. Federal law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a physician.

Learn more at smith-nephew.com



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References

1. Porter, D. Evaluation and Treatment of ankle syndesmosis injuries. AAOS Instructional Course Lectures. 2009; 58; 575-581.